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Agile Web Development with Rails 7

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Iteration C1: Creating the Catalog Listing

We've already created the products controller, used by the seller to administer the Depot application. Now it's time to create a second controller, one that interacts with the paying customers. Let's call it Store:

```
depot> bin/rails generate controller Store index
    create app/controllers/store_controller.rb
    route get 'store/index'
    invoke tailwindcss
    create app/views/store
    create app/views/store/index.html.erb
    invoke test_unit
    create test/controllers/store_controller_test.rb
    invoke helper
    create app/helpers/store_helper.rb
    invoke test_unit
```

As in the previous chapter, where we used the generate utility to create a controller and associated scaffolding to administer the products, here we've asked it to create a controller (the StoreController class in the store_controller.rb file) containing a single action method, index().

While everything is already set up for this action to be accessed via http://local-host:3000/store/index (feel free to try it!), we can do better. Let's simplify things and make this the root URL for the website. We do this by editing config/routes.rb:

```
rails7/depot_d/config/routes.rb
Rails.application.routes.draw do
root 'store#index', as: 'store_index'
resources :products
# Define your application routes per the DSL in
# https://guides.rubyonrails.org/routing.html
# Defines the root path route ("/")
# root "articles#index"
end
```

We've replaced the get 'store/index' line with a call to define a root path, and in the process we added an as: 'store_index' option. The latter tells Rails to create store_index_path and store_index_url accessor methods, enabling existing code and tests!—to continue to work correctly. Let's try it. Point a browser at http://localhost:3000/, and up pops our web page. See the following screenshot.



It might not make us rich, but at least we know everything is wired together correctly. It even tells us where to find the template file that draws this page.

Let's start by displaying a list of all the products in our database. We know that eventually we'll have to be more sophisticated, breaking them into categories, but this'll get us going.

We need to get the list of products out of the database and make it available to the code in the view that'll display the table. This means we have to change the index() method in store_controller.rb. We want to program at a decent level of abstraction, so let's assume we can ask the model for a list of the products:

```
rails7/depot_d/app/controllers/store_controller.rb
class StoreController < ApplicationController
    def index
    @products = Product.order(:title)
    end
end</pre>
```

We asked our customer if she had a preference regarding the order things should be listed in, and we jointly decided to see what happens if we display the products in alphabetical order. We do this by adding an order(:title) call to the Product model.

Now we need to write our view template. To do this, edit the index.html.erb file in app/views/store. (Remember that the path name to the view is built from the name of the controller [store] and the name of the action [index]. The .html.erb part signifies an ERB template that produces an HTML result.)

```
<%= image_tag(product.image_url,
        class: 'object-contain w-40 h-48 shadow mr-6') %>
<div>
        <h2 class="font-bold text-lg mb-3"><%= product.title %></h2>

        <%= sanitize(product.description) %>

        <div class="mt-3">
            <%= product.price %>
            </div>
        </div>

        <% end %>
</div>
```

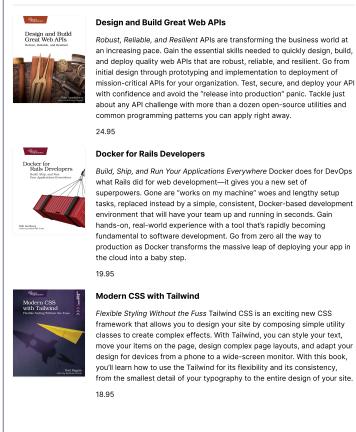
Note the use of the sanitize() method for the description. This allows us to safely¹ add HTML stylings to make the descriptions more interesting for our customers.

We also used the image_tag() helper method. This generates an HTML tag using its argument as the image source.

A page refresh brings up the display shown in the following screenshot. It's still pretty basic, and it seems to be missing something. The customer happens to be walking by as we ponder this, and she points out that she'd also like to see a decent-looking banner and sidebar on public-facing pages.

^{1.} https://owasp.org/www-community/attacks/xss/

Your Pragmatic Catalog



At this point in the real world, we'd probably want to call in the design folks. But Pragmatic Web Designer is off getting inspiration on a beach somewhere and won't be back until later in the year, so let's put a placeholder in for now. It's time for another iteration.